

# INSULATION, FIREBLOCKING, DRAFTSTOPPING AND CRAWL SPACE REQUIREMENTS

**REVISION DATE: JANUARY 2017** 

## Insulation Requirements



**Insulation (2012 IRC Section R302.10.1):** Insulation materials, including facings, such as vapor retarders and vapor-permeable membranes installed within floor/ceiling assemblies, roof/ceiling assemblies, wall assemblies, crawl spaces and *attics* shall have a flame spread index not to exceed 25 with an accompanying smoke-developed index not to exceed 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84 or UL 723.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. When such materials are installed in concealed spaces, the flame spread index and smoke-developed index limitations do not apply to the facings, provided that the facing is installed in substantial contact with the unexposed surface of the ceiling, floor or wall finish.
- 2. Cellulose loose-fill insulation, which is not spray applied, complying with the requirements of Section R302.10.3, shall only be required to meet the smoke-developed index of not more than 450.
- 3. Foam plastic insulation shall comply with Section R316.

**Loose-fill insulation (2012 IRC Section R302.10.2):** Loose-fill insulation materials that cannot be mounted in the ASTM E 84 or UL 723 apparatus without a screen or artificial supports shall comply with the flame spread and smoke-developed limits of Section R302.10.1 when tested in accordance with CAN/ULC S102.2.

**Exception:** Cellulose loose-fill insulation shall not be required to be tested in accordance with CAN/ ULC S102.2, provided such insulation complies with the requirements of Section R302.10.1 and Section R302.10.3.

**Cellulose loose-fill insulation (2012 IRC Section R302.10.3):** Cellulose loose-fill insulation shall comply with CPSC 16 CFR, Parts 1209 and 1404. Each package of such insulating material shall be clearly *labeled* in accordance with CPSC 16 CFR, Parts 1209 and 1404.

**Exposed attic insulation (2012 IRC Section R302.10.4):** All exposed insulation materials installed on *attic* floors shall have a critical radiant flux not less than 0.12 watt per square centimeter.

**Testing (2012 IRC Section R302.10.5):** Tests for critical radiant flux shall be made in accordance with ASTM E 970.

**Insulation Installation (2012 IRC Section N1101.13):** All materials, systems and equipment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and this code.

**Protection of exposed foundation insulation (2012 IRC Section N1101.13.1):** Insulation applied to the exterior of basement walls, crawlspace walls and the perimeter of slab-on-grade floors shall have a rigid, opaque and weather-resistant protective covering to prevent the degradation of the insulation's thermal performance. The protective covering shall cover the exposed exterior insulation and extend a minimum of 6 inches below grade.

#### Crawl space walls (2012 IRC Section N1102.2.10): As an alternative to insulating floors

over crawl spaces, crawl space walls shall be permitted to be insulated when the crawl space is not vented to the outside. Crawl space wall insulation shall be permanently fastened to the wall and extend downward from the floor to the finished grade level and then vertically and/or horizontally for at least an additional 24 inches. Exposed earth in unvented crawl space foundations shall be covered with a continuous Class I vapor retarder in accordance with this code. All joints of the vapor retarder shall overlap by 6 inches and be sealed or taped. The edges of the vapor retarder shall extend at least 6 inches up the stem wall and shall be attached to the stem wall.

2012	2012 IRC Table N1102.1.1 Insulation and Fenestration Requirements by Component <sup>a</sup>										
CLIMATE	FENES- TRATION U -FACTOR <sup>b</sup>	SKYLIGHT <sup>b</sup> U-FACTOR	GLAZED FENESTRA- TION SHGC <sup>b,</sup> e	CEILING R- VALUE	WOOD FRAME WALL R- VALUE	MASS WALL R-VALUE <sup>i</sup>	FLOOR R- VALUE	BASEMENT <sup>c</sup> WALL R- VALUE	SLAB <sup>d</sup> R- VALUE AND DEPTH	CRAWL SPACE <sup>c</sup> WALL R- VALUE	
1	NR	0.75	0.25	30	13	3/4	13	0	0	0	
2	0.40	0.65	0.25	38	13	4/6	13	0	0	0	
3	0.35	0.55	0.25	38	20 or 13+5 <sup>h</sup>	8/13	19	5/13 <sup>f</sup>	0	5/13	
4 ex- cept Marine	0.35	0.55	0.40	49	20 or 13+5 <sup>h</sup>	8/13	19	10/13	10, 2ft	10/13	
5 and Marine 4	0.32	0.55	NR	49	20 or 13+5 <sup>h</sup>	13/17	30 <sup>g</sup>	15/19	10, 2ft	15/19	
6	0.32	0.55	NR	49	20+5 or 13+10 <sup>h</sup>	15/20	30 <sup>g</sup>	15/19	10, 4ft	15/19	
7 and 8	0.32	0.55	NR	49	20+5 or 13+10 <sup>h</sup>	19/21	38 <sup>g</sup>	15/19	10, 4ft	15/19	

- a. R-values are minimums. U-factors and SHGC are maximums. When insulation is installed in a cavity which is less than the label or design thickness of the insulation, the installed R-value of the insulation shall not be less than the R-value specified in the table.
- b. The fenestration U-factor column excludes skylights. The SHGC column applies to all glazed fenestration. Exception: Skylights may be excluded from glazed fenestration SHGC requirements in Climate Zones 1 through 3 where t he SHGC for such skylights does not exceed 0.30.
- c. "15/19" means R-15 continuous insulation on the interior or exterior of the home or R-19 cavity insulation at the interior of the basement wall. "15/19" shall be permitted to be met with R-13 cavity insulation on the interior of the basement wall plus R-5 continuous insulation on the interior or exterior of the home. "10/13" means R-10 continuous insulation on the interior or exterior of the home or R-13 cavity insulation at the interior of the basement wall.
- d. R-5 shall be added to the required slab edge R-values for heated slabs. Insulation depth shall be the depth of the footing or 2 feet, whichever is less in Zones 1 through 3 for heated slabs.
- e. There are no SHGC requirements in the Marine Zone.
- f. Basement wall insulation is not required in warm-humid locations as defined by Figure N1101.10 and Table N1101.10.
- g. Or insulation sufficient to fill the framing cavity, R-19 minimum.
- h. First value is cavity insulation, second is continuous insulation or insulated siding, so "13 + 5" means R-13 cavity insulation plus R-5 continuous insulation or insulated siding. If structural sheathing covers 40 percent or less of the exterior, continuous insulation R-value shall be permitted to be reduced by no more than R-3 in the locations where structural sheathing is used to maintain a consistent total sheathing thickness.
- i. The second R-value applies when more than half the insulation is on the interior of the mass wall.

**Air leakage (Mandatory) (2012 IRC Section N1102.4):** The building thermal envelope shall be constructed to limit air leakage in accordance with the requirements of Sections N1102.4.1 through N1102.4.4.

**Building thermal envelope (2012 IRC Section N1102.4.1):** The *building thermal envelope* shall comply with Sections N1102.4.1.1 and N1102.4.1.2. The sealing methods between dissimilar materials shall allow for differential expansion and contraction.

**Installation (2012 IRC Section N1102.4.1.1):** The components of the *building thermal envelope* as listed in Table N1102.4.1.1 shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the criteria listed in Table N1102.4.1.1, as applicable to the method of construction. Where required by the *building official*, an *approved* third party shall inspect all components and verify compliance.

**Testing (2012 IRC Section N1102.4.1.2):** The building or dwelling unit shall be tested and verified as having an air leakage rate of not exceeding 5 air changes per hour in Zones 1 and 2, and 3 air changes per hour in Zones 3 through 8. Testing shall be conducted with a blower door at a pressure of 0.2 inches w.g. Where required by the *building official*, testing shall be conducted by an *approved* third party. A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the party conducting the test and provided to the *building official*. Testing shall be performed at any time after creation of all penetrations of the *building thermal envelope*.

#### **During testing:**

- 1. Exterior windows and doors, fireplace and stove doors shall be closed, but not sealed, beyond the intended weather-stripping or other infiltration control measures;
- 2. Dampers including exhaust, intake, makeup air, backdraft and flue dampers shall be closed, but not sealed beyond intended infiltration control measures;
- 3. Interior doors, if installed at the time of the test, shall be open;
- 4. Exterior doors for continuous ventilation systems and heat recovery ventilators shall be closed and sealed;
- 5. Heating and cooling systems, if installed at the time of the test, shall be turned off; and
- 6. Supply and return registers, if installed at the time of the test, shall be fully open.

Recessed lighting (2012 IRC Section N1102.4.4): Recessed luminaires installed in the *building thermal envelope* shall be sealed to limit air leakage between conditioned and unconditioned spaces. All recessed luminaires shall be IC-rated and *labeled* as having an air leakage rate not more than 2.0 cfm when tested in accordance with ASTM E 283 at a 1.57 psf pressure differential. All recessed luminaires shall be sealed with a gasket or caulk between the housing and the interior wall or ceiling covering.

**Ducts (2012 IRC Section N1103.2):** Ducts and air handlers shall be in accordance with Sections N1103.2.1 through N1103.2.3.

**Insulation (Prescriptive) (2012 IRC Section N1103.2.1):** Supply ducts in attics shall be insulated to a minimum of R-8. All other ducts shall be insulated to a minimum of R-6.

**Exception:** Ducts or portions thereof located completely inside the building thermal envelope.

**Sealing (Mandatory) (2012 IRC Section N1103.2.2):** Ducts, air handlers, and filter boxes shall be sealed. Joints and seams shall comply with Section M1601.4.1 of this code.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Air-impermeable spray foam products shall be permitted to be applied without additional joint seals.
- 2. Where a duct connection is made that is partially inaccessible, three screws or rivets shall be equally spaced on the exposed portion of the joint so as to prevent a hinge effect.
- 3. Continuously welded and locking-type longitudinal joints and seams in ducts operating at static pressures less than 2 inches of water column pressure classification shall not require additional closure systems.

#### Duct tightness shall be verified by either of the following:

- 1. Post construction test: Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4 cfm per 100 square feet of conditioned floor area when tested at a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. across the entire system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure. All register boots shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test.
- 2. Rough-in test: Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4 cfm per 100 ft2 of conditioned floor area when tested at a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. across the system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure. All registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test. If the air handler is not installed at the time of the test, total leakage shall be less than or equal to 3 cfm per 100 square feet of conditioned floor area.

**Exception:** The total leakage test is not required for ducts and air handlers located entirely within the building thermal envelope.

2012 IRC Table N1102.4.1.1 Air Barrier and Insulation Installation						
Component	Criteria					
Air barrier and thermal barrier	A continuous air barrier shall be installed in the building envelope.  Exterior thermal envelope contains a continuous air barrier.  Breaks or joints in the air barrier shall be sealed.  Air-permeable insulation shall not be used as a sealing material.					
Ceiling/attic	The air barrier in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the insulation and any gaps in the air barrier sealed.  Access openings, drop down stair or knee wall doors to unconditioned attic spaces shall be sealed.					
Walls	Corners and headers shall be insulated and the junction of the foundation and sill plate shall be sealed.  The junction of the top plate and top of exterior walls shall be sealed.  Exterior thermal envelope insulation for framed walls shall be installed in substantial contact and continuous alignment with the air barrier.  Knee walls shall be sealed.					
Windows, skylights and doors	The space between window/door jambs and framing and skylights and framing shall be sealed.					
Rim joists	Rim joists shall be insulated and include the air barrier.					

2012 IRC Table N1102.4.1.1 Air Barrier and Insulation Installation						
Component	Criteria					
Floors (including above-garage and cantilevered floors)	Insulation shall be installed to maintain permanent contact with underside of subfloor decking. The air barrier shall be installed at any exposed edge of insulation.					
Crawl space walls	Where provided in lieu of floor insulation, insulation shall be permanently attached to the crawlspace walls.  Exposed earth in unvented crawl spaces shall be covered with a Class I vapor retarder with overlapping joints taped.					
Shafts, penetrations	Duct shafts, utility penetrations, and flue shafts opening to exterior or unconditioned space shall be sealed.					
Narrow cavities	Batts in narrow cavities shall be cut to fit, or narrow cavities shall be filled by insulation that on installation readily conforms to the available cavity space.					
Garage separation	Air sealing shall be provided between the garage and conditioned spaces.					
Recessed lighting	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be air tight, IC rated, and sealed to the drywall.					
Plumbing and wiring	Batt insulation shall be cut neatly to fit around wiring and plumbing in exterior walls, or insulation that on installation readily conforms to available space shall extend behind piping and wiring.					
Shower/tub on exterior wall	Exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall be insulated and the air barrier installed separating them from the showers and tubs.					
Electrical/phone box on exterior walls	The air barrier shall be installed behind electrical or communication boxes or air-sealed boxes shall be installed.					
HVAC register boots	HVAC register boots that penetrate building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the subfloor or drywall.					
Fireplace	An air barrier shall be installed on fireplace walls. Fireplaces shall have gasketed doors.					

# Fireblocking Requirements

**Fireblocking (2012 IRC Section R302.11):** In combustible construction, fireblocking shall be provided to cut off all concealed draft openings (both vertical and horizontal) and to form an effective fire barrier between stories, and between a top *story* and the roof space. Fireblocking shall be provided in wood-frame construction in the following locations:

- 1. In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces and parallel rows of studs or staggered studs, as follows:
  - 1.1 Vertically at the ceiling and floor levels.
  - 1.2 Horizontally at intervals not exceeding 10 feet.
- At all interconnections between concealed vertical and horizontal spaces such as occur at soffits, drop ceilings and cove ceilings.
- 3. In concealed spaces between stair stringers at the top and bottom of the run. Enclosed spaces under stairs shall comply with Section R302.7.

- 4. At openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables and wires at ceiling and floor level, with an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion. The material filling this annular space shall not be required to meet the ASTM E 136 requirements.
- 5. For the fireblocking of chimneys and fireplaces, see Section R1003.19.
- 6. Fireblocking of cornices of a two-family dwelling is required at the line of dwelling unit separation.

**Fireblocking materials (2012 IRC Section R302.11.1):** Except as provided in Section R302.11, Item 4, fireblocking shall consist of the following materials:

- 1. Two inch nominal lumber.
- 2. Two thicknesses of 1 inch nominal lumber with broken lap joints.
- 3. One thickness of 23/32 inch wood structural panels with joints backed by 23/32 inch wood structural panels.
- 4. One thickness of 3/4 inch particleboard with joints backed by 3/4 inch particleboard.
- 5. 1/2 inch gypsum board.
- 6. 1/4 inch cement-based millboard.
- 7. Batts or blankets of mineral wool or glass fiber or other approved materials installed in such a manner as to be securely retained in place.
- 8. Cellulose insulation installed as tested for the specific application.

Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber (2012 IRC Section R302.11.1.1): Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber or other approved nonrigid materials shall be permitted for compliance with the 10-foot horizontal fireblocking in walls constructed using parallel rows of studs or staggered studs.

**Unfaced fiberglass (2012 IRC Section R302.11.1.2):** Unfaced fiberglass batt insulation used as fireblocking shall fill the entire cross section of the wall cavity to a minimum height of 16 inches measured vertically. When piping, conduit or similar obstructions are encountered, the insulation shall be packed tightly around the obstruction.

**Loose-fill insulation material (2012 IRC Section R302.11.1.3):** Loose-fill insulation material shall not be used as a fireblock unless specifically tested in the form and manner intended for use to demonstrate its ability to remain in place and to retard the spread of fire and hot gases.

Fireblocking integrity (2012 IRC Section R302.11.2): The integrity of all fireblocks shall be maintained.

# **Draftstopping Requirements**

**Draftstopping (2012 IRC Section R302.12):** In combustible construction where there is usable space both above and below the concealed space of a floor/ceiling assembly, draftstops shall be installed so that the area of the concealed space does not exceed 1,000 square feet. Draftstopping shall divide the concealed space into approximately equal areas. Where the assembly is enclosed by a floor membrane above and a ceiling membrane below, draftstopping shall be provided in floor/ceiling assemblies under the following circumstances:

- 1. Ceiling is suspended under the floor framing.
- 2. Floor framing is constructed of truss-type open-web or perforated members.

**Materials (2012 IRC Section R302.12.1):** Draftstopping materials shall not be less than ½ inch gypsum board,  $^3/_8$  inch wood structural panels or other *approved* materials adequately supported. Draftstopping shall be installed parallel to the floor framing members unless otherwise *approved* by the *building official*. The integrity of the draftstops shall be maintained.

**Combustible insulation clearance (2012 IRC Section R302.13):** Combustible insulation shall be separated a minimum of 3 inches from recessed luminaires, fan motors and other heat-producing devices.

**Exception:** Where heat-producing devices are listed for lesser clearances, combustible insulation complying with the listing requirements shall be separated in accordance with the conditions stipulated in the listing. Recessed luminaires installed in the *building thermal envelope* shall meet the requirements of Section N1102.4.4 of this code.

## Crawl Space Requirements

**Ventilation (2012 IRC Section R408.1):** The under-floor space between the bottom of the floor joists and the earth under any building (except space occupied by a *basement*) shall have ventilation openings through foundation walls or exterior walls. The minimum net area of ventilation openings shall not be less than 1 square foot for each 150 square feet of under-floor space area, unless the ground surface is covered by a Class 1 vapor retarder material. When a Class 1 vapor retarder material is used, the minimum net area of ventilation openings shall not be less than 1 square foot for each 1,500 square feet of under-floor space area. One such ventilating opening shall be within 3 feet of each corner of the building.

Openings for under-floor ventilation (2012 IRC Section R408.2): The minimum net area of ventilation openings shall not be less than 1 square foot for each 150 square feet of under-floor area. One ventilation opening shall be within 3 feet of each corner of the building. Ventilation openings shall be covered for their height and width with any of the following materials provided that the least dimension of the covering shall not exceed <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch:

- 1. Perforated sheet metal plates not less than 0.070 inch thick.
- 2. Expanded sheet metal plates not less than 0.047 inch thick.
- 3. Cast-iron grill or grating.
- 4. Extruded load-bearing brick vents.
- 5. Hardware cloth of 0.035 inch wire or heavier.
- 6. Corrosion-resistant wire mesh, with the least dimension being  $^{1}/_{8}$  inch thick.

**Exception:** The total area of ventilation openings shall be permitted to be reduced to  $^{1}/_{1,500}$  of the under-floor area where the ground surface is covered with an *approved* 

Class I vapor retarder material and the required openings are placed to provide cross ventilation of the space. The installation of operable louvers shall not be prohibited.

**Unvented crawl space (2012 IRC Section R408.3):** Ventilation openings in under-floor spaces specified in Sections R408.1 and R408.2 shall not be required where:

- 1. Exposed earth is covered with a continuous Class I vapor retarder. Joints of the vapor retarder shall overlap by 6 inches and shall be sealed or taped. The edges of the vapor retarder shall extend at least 6 inches up the stem wall and shall be attached and sealed to the stem wall or insulation; and
- 2. One of the following is provided for the under-floor space:
  - 2.1. Continuously operated mechanical exhaust ventilation at a rate equal to 1 cubic foot per minute for each 50 square feet of crawlspace floor area, including an air pathway to the common area (such as a duct or transfer grille), and perimeter walls insulated in accordance with Section N1103.2.1 of this code;
  - 2.2. Conditioned air supply sized to deliver at a rate equal to 1 cubic foot per minute for each 50 square feet of under-floor area, including a return air pathway to the common area (such as a duct or transfer grille), and perimeter walls insulated in accordance with Section N1102.2 of this code;
  - 2.3. Plenum in existing structures complying with Section M1601.5, if under-floor space is used as a plenum.

Access (2012 IRC Section R408.4): Access shall be provided to all under-floor spaces. Access openings through the floor shall be a minimum of 18 inches by 24 inches. Openings through a perimeter wall shall be not less than 16 inches by 24 inches. When any portion of the through-wall access is below *grade*, an areaway not less than 16 inches by 24 inches shall be provided. The bottom of the areaway shall be below the threshold of the access opening. Through wall access openings shall not be located under a door to the residence. See Section M1305.1.4 for access requirements where mechanical *equipment* is located under floors.

Removal of debris (2012 IRC Section R408.5): The under-floor grade shall be cleaned of all vegetation and organic material. All wood forms used for placing concrete shall be removed before a building is occupied or used for any purpose. All construction materials shall be removed before a building is occupied or used for any purpose.

**Finished grade (2012 IRC Section R408.6):** The finished *grade* of under-floor surface may be located at the bottom of the footings; however, where there is evidence that the groundwater table can rise to within 6 inches of the finished floor at the building perimeter or where there is evidence that the surface water does not readily drain from the building site, the *grade* in the under-floor space shall be as high as the outside finished *grade*, unless an *approved* drainage system is provided.

Outdoor discharge (2012 IRC Section M1501.1): The air removed by every mechanical exhaust system shall be discharged to the outdoors in accordance with Section M1506.2. Air shall not be exhausted into an attic, soffit, ridge vent or crawl space.

**Exception:** Whole-house *ventilation*-type *attic* fans that discharge into the *attic* space of *dwelling units* having private *attics* shall be permitted.

Freezing (2012 IRC Section P2603.5): In localities having a winter design temperature of 32°F or lower as shown in Table R301.2(1) of this code, a water, soil or waste pipe shall not be installed outside of a building, in exterior walls, in attics or crawl spaces, or in any other place subjected to freezing temperature unless adequate provision is made to protect it from freezing by insulation or heat or both. Water service pipe shall be installed not less than 12 inches deep and not less than 6 inches below the frost line.

**Ducts (2012 IRC Section AF103.4.8):** Ductwork passing through or beneath a slab shall be of seamless material unless the air-handling system is designed to maintain continuous positive pressure within such ducting. Joints in such ductwork shall be sealed to prevent air leakage. Ductwork located in crawl spaces shall have all seams and joints sealed by closure systems in accordance with Section M1601.4.1.

**Crawl space floors (2012 IRC Section AF103.4.9):** Openings around all penetrations through floors above crawl spaces shall be caulked or otherwise filled to prevent air leakage.

**Crawl space access (2012 IRC Section AF103.4.10)**: Access doors and other openings or penetrations between basements and adjoining crawl spaces shall be closed, gasketed or otherwise filled to prevent air leakage.

Passive sub-membrane depressurization system (2012 IRC Section AF103.5): In buildings with crawl space foundations, the following components of a passive sub-membrane depressurization system shall be installed during construction.

**Exception:** Buildings in which an *approved* mechanical crawl space ventilation system or other equivalent system is installed.

**Ventilation (2012 IRC Section AF103.5.1):** Crawl spaces shall be provided with vents to the exterior of the building. The minimum net area of ventilation openings shall comply with Section R408.1.

**Soil-gas-retarder (2012 IRC Section AF103.5.2):** The soil in crawl spaces shall be covered with a continuous layer of minimum 6- mil polyethylene soil-gas-retarder. The ground cover shall be lapped a minimum of 12 inches at joints and shall extend to all foundation walls enclosing the crawl space area.

The Community Development Department is made up of six full-time employees including a Development Director, Administrative Assistant, Principal Planner, GIS Coordinator, Building Inspector, and Code Compliance Official. Our office is located at 204 North Main Street. The goal of the department is to serve the citizens of Republic through pursuance, guidance, and assistance in the development of the City. This is accomplished through marketing and strategic planning accompanied by oversight and enforcement of the City's Building Codes, Zoning Codes and Subdivision Regulations.

### **Community Development Department**





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